

# Adding Zone Dampers To Your HVAC System

## My HVAC contractor says I should add zone dampers to my HVAC system, what are they?

A zoned system is one in which areas of the house that differ greatly in temperature are each given their own thermostat. Those thermostats control the temperature in individual rooms or areas by opening and closing dampers that are installed in your air ducts. Those dampers are called zone dampers. Additionally, the thermostat will turn on the HVAC system whenever one or more of the room thermostats is calling for a temperature change.

## Why would I need a zone system?

In some homes, like single story ranch with an open floor plan, you might not need a zone system. However, most two or more story homes experience temperature differences between the floors, because the heat rises from the lower levels to the higher levels. Additionally, there can be differences between east and west facing rooms based on the position of the sun and the time of day. If you have areas that are hotter or colder than others are, or if you have air drafts that make places uncomfortable, zoning could be the answer. Your professional HVAC contractor can take some measurements, and do a Manual J load calculation based on your floor plan, room usage, and your HVAC system's operating times and recommend a zoning solution.

## What is a Manual J load calculation?

A load calculation is a mathematical analysis used to determine the amount of heating and cooling that the room requires to remain at the set temperature. It is a combination of internal and external loads. External loads are calculated based on window, door, wall, roof, and flooring insulation values and the peak outside temperatures where you live. Internal loads for each room are calculated based on family size and average home equipment.

Examples of items considered in internal loads include large heated fish tanks, cooking, baths/showers, and more than the normal amount of electronic equipment (TVs, Computers, juke boxes, etc). Thus, once the loads are calculated, a modern zone system can be designed that will be able to address the external and internal loads.

## Why not adjust the airflow, wouldn't that be simpler?

It might. However, in many cases when you adjust the room for summer to make it cool enough, it would need to be switched back to the original setting so it would not be too warm in the winter. In between, it would need to be adjusted based on the outside temperature swings in the spring and fall. If you live in an area where the weather remains fairly constant for the winter and summer, having marked manual dampers you can adjust might provide you with a 1950s style "zoning solution." Two problems with that approach are: you have to change damper positions every time you switch from heating to cooling (and back), and there is no consideration of varying internal loads. A third major problem occurs when dampers are adjusted to try and control airflow to a particular room or floor. Due to the existing duct sizes, the airflow through the HVAC equipment may be reduced too much. HVAC systems are designed to operate within a minimum and maximum airflow range. Operating below the minimum required airflow range may damage your HVAC system. For some HVAC systems to be correctly converted to zone systems, the duct work may need to be modified.

## Ok, how can there be different external loads when it is the same temperature outside?

External loads are calculated for a typical single zone home based on the homes average temperature on a cold night (for

heating) and on a hot day (for cooling) for a one hour period. There are almost always rooms that will operate slightly differently from the others. Room temperature differences are caused by rooms having different heating or cooling requirements. For example, a great room with a lot of windows looking south, will generally require more cooling than the dining room on the front of the house facing north. In the winter, just the opposite happens and more heat is needed in the dining room as the sunset warms the great room through the glass. This difference is called diversity. In order to fight the temperature swings caused by diversity in a single zone system, it is common for homeowners to turn down (over cool) the thermostat in the downstairs hall, so their bedroom upstairs will cool off in the summer or freeze the downstairs in the winter so the bedrooms upstairs are not too warm.

## How can I tell if my contractor is right about my needing zoning?

Generally, the recommendation to zone a home is based on customer comfort or HVAC system control related complaints. In response to those complaints, professional contractors perform a Manual J load calculation analysis for your home. The load calculation is computerized, so it can provide data on how each zone acts under different weather conditions. Thus, diversity in the load requirements between rooms can be identified. Rooms that react similarly under all weather conditions are combined into zones. Since the zones that have comparable load fluctuations change the same, they can be controlled together. Other areas become separate zones. Your professional contractor will also use guidance from Manual Zr Residential Zoning to design a zone system specifically for your home. When that system is installed and balanced, your entire home will remain comfortable throughout the varying seasons

## For more information, contact:

Tekneca Hvac Design LLC  
Residential Hvac Design and Calculations  
702-825-8187  
[www.tekneca.com](http://www.tekneca.com)

ACCA is a non-profit association serving more than 60,000 professionals and 4,000 businesses in the indoor environmental and energy services community. Founded more than 40 years ago, today ACCA sets the standards for quality comfort systems, provides leading-edge education for contractors and their employees, and fights for the interests of professional contractors in every state in the country. **We invite you to visit us at [www.acca.org](http://www.acca.org).**

© 2016 ACCA Association, Inc. All rights reserved. Material is presented for informational purposes only and may not be reprinted without permission. Authorized for distribution solely by member contractors of the ACCA.